

PRISMA HEALTH®

Total Shoulder Arthroplasty

Prisma Health Orthopedics

The Sports Medicine Center

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Total shoulder arthroplasty is a rewarding surgical procedure with a published success rate of 85 to 90 percent. We hope that the following information will help you prepare for your surgery, give you an idea of what to expect after surgery, and make your surgical experience as pleasant and easy as possible.

Pre-operative Instructions:

- Do not eat or drink anything after midnight the night before your surgery.
- Please discontinue aspirin and anti-inflammatory medicines such as Motrin, Aleve, Advil, and Ibuprofen 10 days before your surgery if possible to minimize bleeding.
- You may take anti-inflammatory medicines such as Celebrex or Mobic prior to surgery because these medicines do not affect your bleeding time or clotting capability.
- If you take a diet medication that contains phentermine (Adipex) you must discontinue use of it 2 weeks prior to surgery.
- Please discontinue the use of any herbal supplements two weeks before your surgery to minimize anesthetic risks. Some herbs are biologically very important. The following specific herbs should definitely be discontinued prior to surgery: valerian, echinacea, ephedra, ginkgo, kava, garlic, ginseng, and St John's wort.
- **Anesthesia:** The type of anesthesia used is between you and the anesthesiologist. However, we recommend that you strongly consider a general anesthetic with an interscalene nerve block (a numbing shot). The nerve block may significantly help with postoperative pain, particularly the first eight hours following surgery.
- If you are over the age of 55 or have any significant medical problems such as hypertension, diabetes, or heart disease, please contact your primary care physician to discuss what your risks may be of sustaining a medical complication during or after surgery. We will be happy to refer you for a pre-operative medical consultation when necessary as well.
- Make certain that you arrange for someone to drive you home the day of surgery and stay with you the night of surgery.

Pre-Operative Wash:



- Shave your armpit two days prior to surgery. Take your time to avoid cutting the skin. Then wash after shaving (see below)
- Benzoyl Peroxide wash – Starting two days prior to surgery, Wash the entire arm and side of upper body (Chest, armpit and abdomen) for the side that you are having surgery. Be thorough when you clean your shoulder/elbow and armpit. The armpit should be the last area that you cleanse. Repeat the morning of surgery. For a total of three days.
- Benzoyl peroxide wash can bleach colored clothing. Therefore it is recommended to use a white towel to dry the area after washing.
- Benzoyl peroxide wash 10% is best, this can be found at most stores in the facewash section (acne wash), It typically costs around \$5. If you are unable to find this please ask the pharmacist.

Surgery:

- Surgery is typically done as an Outpatient.
- Surgical time is usually between one to two hours after induction of anesthesia, positioning, and sterilely preparing the operative shoulder. During your surgical procedure you will be placed in compression type lower extremity stockings to help reduce any possibility of post operative blood clotting. Your insurance company will be billed for the compression stockings however many insurance companies do not cover these charges.
- A sling will be provided to you on the day of surgery by the hospital or surgery center. Many insurance companies do not cover the cost of a sling however we will as a courtesy file these charges for you but you may receive a bill should your insurance deny these charges.
- Time in the recovery room immediately after surgery is usually between one and two hours.
- Wear an oversized t-shirt or something comfortable to surgery for easy dressing afterwards.

Post-operative Instructions:

- Pain is significant but manageable with narcotic pain medications for the first few days. Narcotic pain medications may be necessary for up to 2 weeks for the average person. You may also take anti-inflammatory medicines with the narcotic medicines after surgery. **Be aware that use of narcotic pain medication may cause constipation. You may use over the counter stool softeners or laxative as needed. Drinking large amounts of fluids will help with this as well.**
- Post-op medications: Aspirin 325mg-take 1 tablet daily for 3 weeks to help with preventing any blood clots. Also Ondansetron (Zofran) 4mg -take as needed for increased nausea/vomiting and prescription for narcotics, which is to be used for pain control. These all will be sent to your pharmacy on file with our office before surgery. Please pick up medications at your pharmacy. **Please bring them with you for review the day of surgery.** You may alternate these medications every 3 hours as needed to control pain.
- Pain control: Pain is usually controlled by the combined use of ice bags, narcotic medication, and anti-inflammatory medication. The typical medicines prescribed are Percocet every six hours with alternating dilaudid every three hours. As soon as you feel discomfort at home, the numbing shot in your shoulder (nerve block) is beginning to wear off. At that time you should take the pain medicine even if the pain is not severe. You may also take anti-inflammatory medicines (Aleve, Advil, and Ibuprofen) but not Tylenol because your narcotic medications already contain Tylenol. **Refill requests for pain medication called in after 3:00 pm may not be responded to until the next business day.**
- Do's and don'ts:
- You may:
 - use your hand and fingers
 - straighten and bend your elbow (without moving your shoulder)
 - you may raise your shoulder passively (by lifting it with your other arm, resting it on a table or counter, or having someone else hold it for you) for getting dressed and hygiene
- Please do not:
 - raise your arm with your shoulder muscles
 - lift anything heavier than 3 to 5 pounds with the operative arm
 - remove your sling (except for changing clothes or bathing) without asking your doctor (see "Post-operative instructions" given on the day of surgery)
- Showering: You may change the dressing and shower 48 hours after your surgery. Place band-aids over your incisions. You may bathe before 48 hours after surgery but please keep the bandages on your shoulder dry (use a plastic bag or plastic wrap or bathe in a bathtub).

- Sling: A sling may be necessary for 6 weeks after your surgery. It is very important to remain in the sling at all times until further instructed by your surgeon.
- Icing: Postoperatively, ice bags may be placed around your shoulder. When applying this to your shoulder, please do not allow the ice bags to directly touch your skin because this may cause blistering. Place the wrap around your shoulder over clothing (T-shirt) to prevent skin problems. After the first 48 hours, it is no longer necessary to use this continuously but only as needed for pain and swelling. Ask your nurse in the recovery room prior to discharge if you have any questions.
- Sleeping: Most people find sleeping in a recliner chair to be the most comfortable for the first few days after surgery.
- Driving time: Driving may be accomplished when you are no longer taking narcotic pain medications. If you are required to wear a sling, consult your physician prior to driving, but you may drive if you are comfortable doing so. Driving with automatic transmission (as compared to manual transmission) is recommended. Most people do not drive after the surgery for at least 10 days. PLEASE DO NOT DRIVE WITH YOUR SLING ON.
- What about bleeding? Do not be alarmed if you see some bloody drainage on the outside of your dressing. It is normal to have some bleeding. You may reinforce your dressing with additional gauze pads or wraps, but try not to remove the initial dressing until 48 hours after your surgery.
- Physical therapy: P.T. visits will be needed twice a week for up to 4 months depending upon the individual. Therapy is extremely important to achieve the best result possible from surgery. The goal of therapy is to maintain shoulder mobility and deltoid muscle mass while the rotator cuff heals. Once healing has occurred, strengthening of the rotator cuff may be initiated. We will schedule your therapy visits after your post-operative appointment.
- When will my shoulder have full range of motion? The amount of time varies depending upon the individual and the type of surgery performed. Most people have full range of motion by twelve weeks after surgery.
- Swelling: Significant swelling is normal for the first week after surgery.
- Return to work: For a sedentary, desk type of job, one can generally expect to return to work in one week. Reduced hours may be necessary initially. For a moderately strenuous job one can expect to return around six weeks after surgery for one handed duty if available. For a strenuous job with no light duty available, return to work time can be up to four to six months after surgery.
- Out of Work Forms: Please provide our office with any forms from work that need to be addressed. The time required to complete these forms is reduced if you answer the non-medical questions (name, address, employer information, date of injury, etc.) prior to turning them over to us. We ask that you allow our staff 7 days to complete these forms.
- Surgical complications: Most patients hopefully will experience no complications and enjoy a rewarding return to regular activities. These complications include infection, medical complications from anesthesia, blood clots, and severe loss of motion. **In the event that you have a post-operative complication please call the on-call physician (After 5:00 pm call 803-296-9200).**

We hope that your experience with the Prisma Health Orthopedic is as pleasant as possible. Dr. Holmes is Board-certified by the American Board of Orthopaedic Surgery and Fellowship-Trained in Sports Medicine and the arthroscopic treatment of knee, shoulder, elbow, and ankle disorders. It is his ambition to return you to activities that you enjoy in the most minimally invasive manner possible utilizing both non-surgical and surgical methods.

We will be contacting you closer to the time of surgery to discuss benefits. Prisma Health USC Orthopedics will collect the physician portion prior to surgery. You will receive bills afterwards for any facility fees or anesthesia; they are separate from the physician fee. Please understand we will try our best to make these estimates as close to the correct amount as possible, but they are estimates and it could change if the procedure changes. If you have any questions or concerns please contact our care team at 296-9260

Office Locations:

Monday 100 Palmetto Health Parkway, Suite 320, Columbia SC 29212

Tuesday 104 Saluda Pointe Dr., Lexington, SC 29072

Thursday 104 Saluda Pointe Dr., Lexington, SC 29072

Wednesday and Friday-Surgical days